The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1868. NO. 184.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

A SIGNIFICANT DECISION.

We gave in the editorial columns of this paper, some weeks ago, a synopsis of a case involving the status of Confederate privateers, in which many questions of interest, connected with the constitutionality of the Reconstruction acts, seemed involved. It was the case of Maurain vs. the Alliance Insurance Company of Boston, the plaintiff having sued to recover of the company the value of a ship which was captured by a Confederate vessel in 1863, and taken into the port of New Orleans for condemnation as a prize, by the Admiralty Court. The vessel was insured against capture, seizure, or detention, and the defence was "that piracy was not capture, seizure or detention, by the law of insurance, and the taking by rebels on the high seas was piracy." The case was elaborately argued before the Supreme Court, and that tribunal decided, on Monday, "first, that the policies of insurance covered seizure of any kind, and that the companies are therefore liable. Second, that capture by rebel privateers was capture by the legalized forces of a *de facto* government, and was not, therefore, piracy. The rebel government was a power which usurped all authority in those States, and as such was supreme, and seizure made under and by virtue of such authority was a seizure within the laws of insurance." Mr. Justice Nelson delivered the opinion of the court.

But the Court did more than this, and travelled out of the record to declare *"that the States lately in rebellion did not, therefore, lose their status as members of the Union."* The *Chronicle*, noting the tremendous significance of this declaration, hastens to pronounce it "clearly *obiter dictum*." But, granting that it is so in the case before the Court, *it reveals the opinion of the Justices with reference to the constitutionality of the Reconstruction acts, upon which they shall pass in ten days.* And it seems that what Forney's law editor calls *obiter dictum*, was concurred in by all the members of the court, except Chase and Swayne. If the same judicial thunder is heard in the McArdle case, the Reconstruction acts will scarcely have the weight and value of waste paper by the time the President is ready to plead to the articles of impeachment.

If the "*status* of the rebellious States was not altered by the rebellion," then these negro Conventions will have to buy all the old circus tents which can be found and exhibit precisely as the other managers do.—*Rich. Examiner.*

WHAT THE PRESIDENT WILL DO.—The Washington *Star* gives the following as the line of policy which the President will pursue:

First. On next Friday his counsel will appear in court ready to proceed with the trial, and will not ask for an extension of time. They will then object to every Republican Senator who has expressed an opinion as to Mr. Johnson's guilt or innocence on the articles of impeachment being allowed to act as jurors in the case. This point they, of course, do not expect to carry, but have it overruled. Second. The question as to whether Senators from twenty-seven States constitute *the Senate* of the United States will be raised. They will take the same view of this matter that the President has in all his public speeches and State papers maintained, that until the Southern States have their representatives in the House and Senate of the United States, that the latter body is not competent to take up, try, and pass judgment on so vital and important a question as impeaching the highest officer known to the Government. Failing on both these questions, the President will then firmly refuse to proceed with his trial, asserting that in such a court justice cannot be done him, and then will rise and tender his resignation, and appeal directly to the people to sustain him and to pass judgment at the ballot-box against the Senate of the United States.

A great many rumors are afloat to day to the effect that the President intends to resort to bold means during the next few days to obtain possession of the War Office, but they are regarded as rumors.

THE OLD ISSUE FREE NEGROES.—It will relieve those white Radicals who are so anxious to see negroes in Congress, but are restrained from sending them there because of the constitutional question about the length of citizenship, that there were such people as "free negroes" all through the South long before the Lincoln proclamation. We can find a plenty of "citizens" of the right color who have been such not only "seven" or "nine" years, but seven times seven or even nine times nine years. Chancellor Kent says: "If a black man born in the United States becomes free, he becomes thenceforward a citizen." We call the attention of the New York *Tribune* and Alexandria *State Journal* to this relief from their perplexity. The old issue is the thing they want.—*Rich. Whig.*

ALABAMA.—We were not wrong, yesterday, in guessing that the Radicals of Congress desire to admit Alabama into the Union in time to give her bogus senators votes on the impeachment trial. "Da'sa" writes to the Baltimore *Sun* as follows: "If Radical managers of the project shall succeed in their purpose, the Alabama senators will be admitted to seats in the Senate before the testimony or regular hearing in the impeachment commences. Such, I am informed by some of the managers themselves, is the plan."—*Richmond Dispatch.*

In a few weeks the thirty years will expire which Talleyrand stipulated in his will should elapse after his death before his memoirs were to be published. He died on the 17th. of May, 1838.

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Feb 7-134-tf

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The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a respectable volume. In order, however, that our readers may understand it, and may therefore not be liable to be imposed upon by parties, who are indifferent to the interests of others, we have taken some pains to compile from several sources the following general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine hastily what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The manifest design of the Bankrupt Law is to benefit *honest*, but *unfortunate*, debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is not able to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of *all* their debts and liabilities, of *every kind and description whatever*, and also an inventory of all their estate, both real and personal, including all property and effects of which they are possessed, or in which they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Forms" prescribed in the "General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy or U S. Commissioner, must accompany the petition, and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in Bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or subterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, this would be evidence of fraud and would defeat his discharge.

4. When the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a Register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto; and if they are correct in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, then adjudges the debtor a Bankrupt and issues a warrant to the messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more Assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors have no right to compel the Bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property by him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. "In other words the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the old order of things passes away and a new leaf is turned over." On this point decisions have been variant. The safe rule appears to be, that the applicant in Bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made from investment or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from the adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy, and in case no assets come into the hands of the assignee, or no debts be proved against his estate, at any time after the expiration of sixty days.

10 As soon as an Assignee is elected or appointed, the Judge or Register will convey to him, by deed of assignment, all the bankrupt's property except what is exempted, viz: "Household and kitchen furniture and other necessaries not exceeding in value ($500) five hundred dollars; also his wearing apparel and that of his wife and children, and such other property not included in the foregoing as is exempt from levy and sale upon execution or other process by the laws of the State in which the bankrupt resides, to an amount not exceeding that allowed by State exemption laws in force in 1864." A safe Counsellor suggests, under this head, that the common impression that persons may become bankrupts and yet be allowed to retain their houses and lands, or other property of considerable value, is a great mistake. Under the Act, no honest Bankrupt in this State can have allotted to him, free from the operation of the Act, exceeding $700, besides the wearing apparel of himself and family. Bankrupts in this State are not entitled to homesteads under this Act.

11 It is the duty of the assignee, within twenty days after the assignment to him is made, to allot to the bankrupt such articles as are exempted, and file an inventory of the same with the value of each article so allotted, and creditors may make objections to the report of the Assignee at any time within twenty days after it is filed.

12. As to costs in bankruptcy proceedings, section 46 of the Bankrupt Act provides that the petitioner, before a warrant issues, shall deposit fifty dollars with the Register, or with the Clerk, to be delivered to the Register as a security for his fees. General order XXIX provides that the fees of the Register, Marshal and Clerk shall be prepaid or secured before they can be compelled to act. It is also provided by General order XXX, that where the debtor has no means, and can prove the fact to the satisfaction of the Court, upon application, an order will be made requiring all the costs in the case to be paid out of the fifty dollars deposited with the Register. If, however, there are assets, but not enough to pay the Messenger after deducting the Bankrupt's exempted property, so that nothing comes into the hands of the Assignee, the fees will have to be paid by the Bankrupt; but if the Assignee receives assets the fees of the Messenger will be paid by him before any dividend is made among creditors.

13 Some suppose that the Register is entitled to $50 fee. The fees of the Register, Messenger, Clerk, and costs of publication of notices in Bankruptcy, are fixed by law, and if they demand higher fees, they are liable, as in other cases of malfeasance in office. In ordinary cases of Bankruptcy, the fees may amount to $100. In some cases more, in some less—the costs depending on the amount of labor and litigation involved in each case.

14. Differences of opinion among Attorneys have existed in this State, as to the limit which the Act makes as to the time to make application in Bankruptcy. Some have supposed that no debtor will be permitted to apply for Bankruptcy after some early day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation for the purposes for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors, whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay, in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness, in order to a successful application in bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors.

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Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach 98., Office 197, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock. L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-103-tf Raleigh N. C

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14th, 1867.

On and after October 15th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10 10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3 17 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10 35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3 50 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7 00 A. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	5 00 P. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North.

A. B ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—69-tf Sup't of Trans.

☞ Register and Standard copy 1 t.

HARDWARE &C.

BRIGGS & DODD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS.

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Belting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

Nov. 7—79-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF LINseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,

Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

BRIGGS & DODD.

Jan 22-139-tf

TRADE FOR 1868.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

WE HAVE, ON HAND, A COMMANDING stock of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
TIN WARE, LAMPS,
CHIMNEYS AND WICKS
BEST KEROSENE OIL,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,

Which will be sold low for cash.

Just to hand,—Bar and Cannot Burners and Chimneys.

J. BROWN
Raleigh, Jan. 4—tf With Hart & Lewis.

HENRY GWYNN, of Baltimore. | E. B. COTTEN, Late of S. C. | WALTER GWYNN, JR., Late of S. Carolina.

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

105 *West Lombard Street,*

BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDISE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.

Sept 30—45-eod3mAw3m

No. 44, Fayetteville Street.

FRESH arrival of Western Empire Cook Stoves.

ALSO, ON HAND,

Air-tight and Cast Iron Heating Stoves. Stove Pipe made to order.

ALSO,

All kind of Tin and Sheet Iron Work done at short notice.

J. BROWN,
Feb 8-155-tf With Hart & Lewis.

HARDWARE TRADE—1868.

CAST IRON HEATING STOVES, AIR TIGHT Heating Stoves, Cooking Stoves, assorted sizes.

ALSO

Stove Pipe made to order at short notice. Sold low for cash.

J. BROWN
Raleigh, Jan. 9—tf With Hart & Lewis.

N. C. Bacon.

HAMS AND SIDES

W. H. JONES & CO.
Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 29-168-tf

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$1.00
Six months	1.50
One year	3.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4.00
" " six months	2.00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2.00
" " six months	1.00

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

PRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1868

Conservative State Executive Ticket.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
COL. EDWARD D. HALL,
OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
ROBERT W. BEST,
OF GREENE.

FOR TREASURER,
KEMP P. BATTLE,
OF WAKE.

FOR AUDITOR,
S. W. BURGIN,
OF BUNCOMBE.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
SAMUEL F. PATTERSON,
OF CALDWELL.

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
REV. BRAXTON CRAVEN, D. D.
OF RANDOLPH.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
SION H. ROGERS,
OF WAKE.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The members of the State Conservative Executive Committee are hereby notified and requested to meet in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday next, the 14th inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor. A full attendance is most earnestly invoked.

The members of the Congressional and Judicial District Committees are invited and urged to be present.

BY ORDER, R. C. BADGER,
Secretary of the Committee.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The delegates to the Conservative District Convention for the Fourth District, composed of the Counties of Wake, Johnston, Chatham, Orange, Franklin, Granville, Warren and Nash, are respectfully requested to meet in Convention, at Henderson, Granville County, on Thursday, the 19th. inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress and to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention. Full and prompt attendance is earnestly requested.

W. J. GREEN,
H. G. WILLIAMS,
T. D. SNEAD,
District Committee.

March 9th, 1868.

BEFORE THE WAR.

"If this CONFEDERATION of States must perish * * * the Ruler of Nations, who judges justly, and all posterity on this continent, will hold the SLAVE HOLDING STATES GUILTLESS OF THIS INEXPIABLE CRIME."—*Holden, Dec.* 18, 1860.

"It is sufficient for us to say that we hold to the right of SECESSION, AS AN ORIGINAL, PRE EXISTING, RESERVED, SOVEREIGN RIGHT."—*Holden, Jan.* 25, 1851.

"The day the death-warrant of the FUGITIVE-SLAVE law is sealed, will also seal the fate of the Union. Millions of men will go about DISSOLVING THE UNION, as in the performance of a SACRED DUTY."—*Holden, May* 3, 1850.

DURING THE WAR.

"As soon as Lincoln called for troops, to make war on the South, we denounced him as an USURPER, AND TURNED OUR BACK OF THE OLD UNION, WITHOUT END. We did this, too, WITH THE MOST ENTIRE CONSISTENCY, for we had always held that the STATES HAD A RIGHT TO SECEDE FOR CAUSE."—*Holden, Oct.* 30, 1861.

"FIGHT! FIGHT! Five letters contain the only solution. We repeat, what we have OFTEN said, that nothing will do but F-I-G-H-T. WE MUST FIGHT EVERYWHERE,—ALL THE TIME, &c."—*Holden, June* 14, 1862.

AFTER THE WAR.

"We wanted to end the war, IN ORDER TO SAVE SLAVERY."—*Holden*, 1865.

"CONSPICUOUS UNION LANDMARKS—UNQUALIFIED OPPOSITION TO NEGRO SUFFRAGE."—*Holden*, 1865.

THE MENAGERIE.

The performances in the Ring, on yesterday, were of an unusually grotesque and amusing character. A faithful account of them is given in another column. The great Ohio Tourgee got frisky and broke out of his cage, to the great consternation of the Head Keeper, who called on Sergeant Peckniff to restrain his violence and throw a rope around his legs. The scene which ensued was only equalled by the recent attempt, so graphically described in the papers, to subdue and bring to terms Barnum's gorilla. The feat was finally accomplished, however, and the animal was duly brought up to receive punishment,—looking not altogether mollified and decidedly mean. This summary procedure created a howl amoog the other animals. The blackest of the number, who considered the Tourgee's cause, very naturally, their own, were especially rampant, and the Keeper was finally compelled to remand him to his den, without inflicting the merited chastisement.

The worst part of the story is that poor old Daddy Kalvin was abused for his effort to keep order in the show, and his conduct was branded by his own offspring as unlawful!

"Oh! sharper than a serpent's tooth it is,
To have a (fearless) child."

THE CHIEF FEATURES OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

We have already given the chief and most objectionable features of the new Radical Constitution, as developed by the action of the Convention. The various articles presented have been so amended, on their second and third readings, that we have not been able to get such perfected copies of them as would do to lay before our readers. We hope, in a few days, to be able to give them. The following features may be relied upon:

1. The Bill of Rights, in some particulars, materially differs from our old Bill of Rights, under which we have enjoyed civil liberty for nearly a century. It asserts the *equality* of all men, without regard to mental or moral distinctions, and it claims for all equal rights.

2. The article on the Executive Department provides for the election of a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Public Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Attorney General, by the people, for a term of four years,—thus putting it out of the power of the people to change the character of the State administration but once in four years, by a popular vote, however offensive it might become.

3. Suffrage is made universal among all men, 21 years of age, who have been residents of the State twelve months, and who are citizens of the United States, without any qualifying conditions or distinction between black and white. All offices are open alike and on the same terms to black and white. And so of jurymen.

4. The Judiciary has been greatly enlarged, making five Supreme Court Judges, instead of three, and twelve Superior Court Judges, instead of eight,—all elected by the people, and for *eight* years, instead of for life or good behavior,—thus vastly increasing the expenses of our Court system, and fixing upon North Carolina that most odious of all things in civil affairs, the making a Judgeship a political office.—This article alone, if there were nothing else, ought to defeat the Constitution. Besides, it abolishes the necessary distinction between law and equity courts, thus giving rise to extensive litigation and legal squabbles.

5. The Legislative Department is divided into a Senate and House of Representatives, instead of House of Commons, and abolishes the property qualification either for the voter or representative,—thus affording property no other protection from taxation than the caprice of the majority may dictate. It so gerrymanders the Senate and House, as to throw the control of the Legislature, more fully than heretofore, in the hands of the East, and discriminates in favor of throwing the balance of power in the hands of the negro.

6. The Department of Public Instruction is so constructed, that no distinction can be made by the Legislature between whites and blacks in the privileges of the University or the public schools, and it *compels* the poor white men of the State to send their children to the public schools for sixteen months, if they cannot be educated otherwise; thus forcing the white children to schools in which negro children are taught, the Convention voting down all propositions to make distinctions in the schools.

7. The article on the Militia is so framed that the Legislature may mix whites and blacks in the regiments, and the blacks will be as liable as whites to be officers of the regiments.

8. No prohibition will be found in the Constitution, nor can the Legislature enact a prohibition, preventing whites and blacks from intermarriage.

9. Finally, under this new Constitution, the property holders and men of enterprise may look for the severest tax laws ever known, to carry out the Radical notions of progress and for the promotion of the negro.

SHALL WHITE MEN BE ENROLLED

in the MILITIA with NEGROES, *perhaps under negro officers?* That is one of the issues.

POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

The mongrels brought forward and confirmed, on yesterday, the lists of persons, in the various counties, from whom they wish political disabilities removed. We have only seen the list for this county, but shall publish the whole, as soon as we can lay hands on it. It will be seen that Mr. Durham, Mr. Hodnett, and other Conservative gentlemen, denounced the whole scheme most unmercifully and fearlessly. We are compelled to defer comment on the infamous and contemptible proceeding until another time, by our restricted space.

Who does the reader suppose are the Wake "*loiilists*,"—the patriots *par excellence*? Surely B. F. Moore's name is among the number. No—but here they are; and let all the world laugh and be merry:

William H. Harrison,
(Who opposed negro suffrage, when a candidate for the Convention in 1865.)
Willie D. Jones,
(Who voted against the Howard Amendment.)
Albert Johnson,
(*De minimis non curat lex.*)
Hilliard J. Smith.
Jacob Sorrell.
C. L. Harris,
(Who voted against allowing negroes to testify in the Courts.)
W. R. Richardson,
(Who wants an office.)

ADJOURNMENT.—Sound the timbrel! Beat the fuzzy-guzzy! The mongrels say that Tuesday next will be positively the last performance. Now for the chloride of lime, or some other powerful disinfectant!

THE GREAT and paramount issue is: SHALL NEGROES or WHITE MEN RULE NORTH CAROLINA? All other issues are secondary and subordinate, and should be kept so.

HOLDEN & CO. AT BEAUFORT AND NEWBERN.

We received, last night, from a valued correspondent, a full account of the Radical meeting and speaking at Beaufort. It shall appear to-morrow. A large number of negro men and women, with a few Federal officers, made up the audience, and the whole affair was a farce.

A correspondent furnishes us the following account of the "appearance" at Newbern.

No one replied to the *scallawags*, at either place. Let our friends below hold mass meetings, at an early day:

NEW BERN, N. C., Mar. 11th, 1868.

The X. P. G. spoke to-day to a large crowd of negroes—men and women. No white persons present, except a few yankees and 6 "scallawags." The X. P. G. made a speech that only the negroes immediately around him could hear—they were very close to him, and, a stiff Northerly wind prevailing, he got the full scent. X. P. G. was very hoarse; he is said to have lost voice at Beaufort. He looks very disconsolate, like *Peri* at the gate of Eden.

Settle spoke a long time, in a *mawdlin*, incoherent way, followed by Thomas, who made a very incendiary speech. They looked mean. They spoke in front of the "Exchange," a Yankee Restaurant and bar room. Anything you may say about them will not be amiss.

"I FOUGHT VANCE!"—shouted the spread-eagle orator. Yes!—and *such a fight!!* And did'nt you riddle him?—Did'nt you come at him—horse foot and dragoons? Did'nt you punch his *innards* with that "mighty instrument, the pen"—(even that consecrated "golden pen,") as well as with the ballots of a great people who were then free? And did'nt you *drive him before you* in triumph to the tune of thirty six thousand?—singing valiantly "Saws? I am Rhoderic Dhu? But that was a fair fight—and you had the right to beat him—if you could.

There is, however, another fight against "Vance," of which the warrior should not be *very* boastful. The memory of that awful night should steal over the boaster, and raise, if possible, the blush of shame on that hard face. "Vance," whom you fought so valiantly, fought for you once. He exposed his own person to save yours. He gave the trembling fugitive shelter and protection, and "blockade brandy," wherewith his soul was comforted. And the poor hunted deer would "never, never, forget that night." He would "never 5it the weight of his finger" against his protector and friend in distress. It was a good, christian, gentlemanly feeling. Pity it faded away so soon! Could it ever be, that this grateful gentleman should suggest a reward of twenty-five thousand dollars for the head of his "best benefactor?" Tell it not in Gath! Let it, for the credit of humanity, of common decency even, "rest in the shade." "I fought Vance!" Did not the tongue tremble, that spoke the shameless words? Did not the heart sink within him, as if overwhelmed with the unutterable baseness of the *least?* Who can tell?—There are lost men, as well as a lost cause. There are hearts, from which the humanities seem to be utterly expelled. There are politicians who have *no* hearts. There are cheeks that cannot blush. When "Vance," by a revolution of the wheel, became the fugitive, "where, where was Roderic then?" Not a cup of cold water now; not even one cheering word! but now was the time for *vengeance!* Now, in *his* humiliation and flight, a reward of twenty five thousand dollars for —— "*the traitor!*" And *from him!!* May Heaven forgive the ingrate!—Manly hearts can never.

SHALL WHITE CHILDREN BE COMPELLED to go to the same schools with NEGROES? That is one of the issues.

VANCE!

The Hon. Z. B. Vance will leave Charlotte for the Western Counties, on Monday next, for the purpose of addressing the people at various points in that portion of the State. We beg our friends in the West to furnish us accounts of the gatherings in the different counties.

Though compelled, reluctantly, to decline the nomination for Governor, Gov. Vance will exert himself as actively and energetically in behalf of the ticket, as if his name still stood at the head of it. This is just like him.

CUMBERLAND ALIVE!—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Conservatives of Fayetteville was held on the 3rd. D. McNeill, Esq., presided; D. Murphy, Esq., Maj. A. McLean, Jno. D. Williams, Esq., J. P. Robertson, Esq., and W. B. Wright, Esq., were Vice-Presidents; and Messrs. J. C. Dobbin, J. H. Myrover and Capt. J. S. Evans were Secretaries. Excellent resolutions were adopted. Gen. A. D. McLean and Messrs. J. C. Dobbin, French Strange, W. B. Wright and J. H. Myrover addressed the meeting. County Canvassers were appointed.

On the 4th., a large County meeting was held, at which Capt. James W. Strange presided, and Geo. M. Rose was Secretary.—The Hon. J. G. Shepherd delivered an able and eloquent speech, and the meeting was also effectively addressed by Messrs. Benj. Robinson, W. H. Haigh, J. H. Myrover and J. C. Dobbin. A Conservative Club was organized, with the following officers, viz: President, James C Dobbin; Vice Presidents, Hon T C Fuller, J W Strange, W McL McKay; Corresponding Secretary, J W Fuller; Recording Secretary, G M Rose; Executive Committee, Hon J G Shepherd and J H Myrover; Finance Committee, Col il McKethan, John D Williams, Dr W C McDuffie; Committee on Registration, Bart Fuller, W B Wright and W Draughon.

On the 6th., a Conservative meeting was held at Rockfish, which was addressed by Capt. Benjamin Robinson, and Messrs. Rose, Myrover and McLean. Another meeting is to be held at the same place to-morrow.

THEY ACCEPT.—Letters have been received from the Hons. E. J. Warren and W. M. Shipp, accepting the nominations for the Superior Court bench, tendered them by the Conservative State Executive Committee.

The "Constitutional Convention," (So-called.)

NIGHT SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, March 11, 1868.

Convention called to order at 7½ o'clock.

THE SPECIAL ORDER.

The ordinance for Relief, introduced by Mr. Rodman, was taken up and read.

Mr. Rodman arose and urged its passage, and, in order that the delegates might understand it more fully, he proceeded to explain the ordinance section by section.

Mr. Sweet was heartily in favor of the ordinance; he thought it would be a great relief to the distressed people, and, in his opinion, it contained not the slightest taint of repudiation.

Mr. King, *of Lenoir*, opposed the measure; he thought it to be nothing less than rank repudiation, and one of the most obnoxious measures that had yet been put in print. It was both unjust and unconstitutional.

By consent, Mr. Abbott introduced a resolution, authorizing the President to appoint *Mr. Sweet* to proceed to Charleston, to confer with *Gen.* Canby, in regard to the approaching election, the manner of conducting it, &c.

The rules were suspended and the resolution was adopted.

The Relief question was resumed, when Mr. French, of Bladen, occupied the floor and opposed the ordinance.

Mr. Pool offered an ordinance, entitled an "ordinance to prevent the sacrifice of property of debtors," introduced by himself, some time ago, as a substitute.

Mr. Pool characterized Mr. Rodman's ordinance as being in some measure repudiation and totally unconstitutional, and besides, the idea of submitting the ordinance to be voted upon separately from the Constitution was simply ridiculous, as it allowed men to vote on their own private interests.

While Mr. Pool was speaking, Mr. Hobbs arose and said that nobody but *would-be-judges and candidates had spoken.* If they wanted to speak, let them go out into the neighborhood—not carry on their *tomfoolery* here.

Mr. Pool endeavored to go on, when Mr. Hobbs insisted on his taking his seat.

The Chair called Mr. Hobbs to order.

Mr. Hobbs would not come to order.

The Sergeant-at arms was called on, when, after a little more wrangling, Mr. Hobbs took his seat.

Finally the question recurred upon Mr. Pool's ordinance, as a substitute for the one offered by Mr. Rodman.

The yeas and nays being called, the vote stood, yeas 36, nays 44.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of the ordinance of Mr. Rodman.

The yeas and nays were called and resulted in the following ballot:

YEAS.—Messrs. Abbott, Aydlott, Blume, Chillson, Etheridge, French, of Chowan, Glover, Gunter, Harris, of Franklin, Hay, Laflin, Long, Mayo, (negro,) Marshall, Merritt, McDonald, of Moore, Moore, Nance, Newsom, Patrick, Ragland, Read, Rich, Rodman, Sanderlin, Stilley, Stillwell, Sweet, Turner, Welker, Williamson, (negro.)

NAYS.—Messrs. Andrews, Barnes, Benbow, Bradley, Bryan, Carey, (negro,) Colgrove, Congleton, Cox, Duckworth, Ellis, Eppes, (negro,) Forkner, French, of Bladen, French, of Rockingham, Fullings, Gahagan, George, Grant, of Northampton, Hayes, of Robeson, Hobbs, Hollowell, Ing, Jones, of Washington, King, of Lincoln, King, of Lenoir, Kinney, Logan, McCubbins, Morton, Mullican, Nicholson, Parker, Parks, Petree, Pool, Ray, Rentrow, Rhodes, Robbins, (negro,) Rose, Teague, Trogden, Tucker, Hall.

On motion of Mr. Aydlott, the house adjourned.

MORNING SESSION.

THURSDAY, March 12, 1868.

Convention called to order at the usual hour.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Branson, of the City.

Mr. Jones, of Washington, moved to suspend the rules and take up the question of final adjournment. Carried.

Mr. Jones moved to rescind the order of adjournment. Carried.

The resolution of Mr. Morton, providing for the adjournment of the Convention, subject to the call of the President, on Monday, the 16th instant, at 12 o'clock, M., was considered.

Mr. Rich moved to amend by saying that, in the case of the death of the President, the Convention shall be subject to the call of the Secretary.

Mr. Abbott offered the following substitute for Mr. Morton's resolution, which was adopted:

"That when the Convention adjourns, it be at the call of the President, or, in case of his death, by the Secretary, or, in case of his death, at a call signed by a majority of the delegates. The authority to reassemble the Convention shall cease after January 1st, 1869."

Mr. Ashley offered the following resolution: "That this Convention will adjourn on Tuesday, 17th inst., at 12 o'clock, M."—Carried.

Mr. King, of Lenoir, submitted a report from the Committee on Contingent Expenses, allowing a wood account of $315. This report created a row.

Mr. Tourgee said that the one dollar on the cord, which had been deducted, was a breach of the contract. He wanted the report to lay over.

Mr. King said that the deduction had been made at the suggestion of the President. He (King) did not think he was treated right in the matter, and wished to resign as chairman of the committee and withdraw the report.

Various objections were made to his withdrawal, and, after some further wrangling, the report was accepted and adopted.

Mr. Durham, from the Black-mail Committee, submitted a report that their investigations had led to no discoveries of fraud and asked to be discharged from further consideration of the matter. The report was accepted.

Hood (negro) called up the report of the Committee on Political Disabilities, and moved its adoption.

Mr. Durham objected to the adoption of the report, before it had been read.

Hood (negro) replied that it had been read *by caption.*

Mr. Heaton said that it was evidently proper to read a report when desired by any one of the delegates.

The report was read at length. [It contained the names of a few citizens, in each county in the State, whom the committee submit to the Convention as proper persons for it to recommend to Congress as "loil."]

Mr. Tourgee moved that the report be received and adopted, and that the Committee be instructed to consider such other names as may be furnished them, and submit, as soon as possible, a supplementary report.

Mr. Baker offered the following substitute:

"That the Congress of the United States be respectfully requested to remove the political disabilities from all persons in North Carolina, prevented by the reconstruction acts, or the proposed 14th article, from voting or holding office."

Mr. Durham wanted the question put first on the acceptance of the report and then on its adoption. He characterized the report as the grandest fraud yet attempted to be put on the people.

Mr. Tourgee wanted to know if Mr. Durham meant to reflect upon the Committee.

Mr. Durham replied that his language *was plain, and the gentleman could draw his own inference.*

Mr. Tourgee: I call on the Secretary to record those words, as an insult to the Convention.

Mr. Durham: *I do not care for the Secretary or the* HOUSE EITHER.

Tourgee, (very violently:) I ask the Secretary to put down those words. [Mr. Durham had the only report of the Committee, that was in the House, in his hands, in order to look at the names on it, when Mr. Tourgee wanted to know what right Mr. Durham had to take the written report from the Clerk's desk, and moved that he be made to return it to him, and only withdrew his objection, by being almost universally remonstrated with.] After a good many other interruptions, Mr. Durham was allowed to proceed with his remarks.

Mr. Durham said, here are some eight names for Cleaveland—two or three of the men are, it is true, good Republicans, but they are very respectable men, and the others are of the same party, but are the most disreputable characters in the county. I hope you will pass this infamous measure. I dare you to do it—and I tell you, in less than five years, not one of you here will have either the moral or physical courage to own the record that you have made here. You are afraid of the honest people of the State, and well you may be, for, God knows! when they shall become well acquainted with your vileness, even men of your unblushing impudence will be unable to stand the storm of scorn that will be showered down upon you.—The men—I mean the *honest* men—of the West will repudiate and scorn this infamous action. The acceptance of such a report should bring the blush of shame to the cheek of every honest man. It is in perfect keeping with the character of your party, to recommend low and vile men, to the exclusion of some of the best and purest men in North Carolina. You have left out the names of 75 of the best men in Chaveland county, and raked up the names of the most abandoned men in the whole county: go on, and while I defy you all, still, in the name of my people, I protest against this infamous discrimination, and the people will sustain my protest and join me in branding this measure as a low, vile, outrageous and infamous party scheme, gotten up to tie down the people, the honest people, who you know will not support you in your fraudulent legislation. I brand your course as arising from a mean and craven fear of allowing the people to judge freely of your actions. I hold that Congress has no right to remove political disabilities. The pardoning power belongs to the President. The Howard amendment is not a part of the Constitution of the United States, and Congress has no right to remove disabilities until that amendment becomes a part of the Constitution. You have adopted a measure, by a large majority, that (as you say,) every man in the State shall vote and hold office, and to day you refuse to recommend such men as Govs. Graham and Vance for a removal of disabilities, because you well know that if such men are allowed to vote and hold office, the small fry Republicans cannot creep into office. I don't object to the removal of disabilities of any one, but I protest against this infamous discrimination. But as long as you bar the best men in the country, in order to further the ends of the Republican party and fill the offices, I shall continue to brand the measure as infamous and cowardly. It is a cowardly thing to recommend such a report. It exhibits a contemptible and craven fear. I protest against it in the name of my county, and I protest against it in the name of the people of the State.

Messrs. Heaton, Hood, (negro,) and Tourgee defended the report.

Mr. Hodnett said that he had always been a Union man. He had never drawn a disloyal breath. He desired to see the Union restored; he desired peace and prosperity. But it was wrong to disfranchise a man, if he does not agree with you as to the validity of a law. Such men as Bedford Brown and others were as loyal as any body in the United States; are they to be disfranchised? Are we here to build up and establish friendly relations; or are we here to stir up strife, contention and confusion in the land? The way to build up is to bury the past.

Mr. Bradley said he had said but little, but the little he had given vent to was enough to show clearly where he stood in the matter, and why he had not recommended names to the Committee. There were Conservative men in his county banned, and there were Republicans also banned. I will never vote to keep any man under the ban. He had his opinion about certain matters, and he would not go for disfranchising anybody because they did not agree with him, and he should oppose all such odious measures that disfranchised any citizens of the State on account of their political opinions.

Mr. Ellis concurred with Mr. Bradley.

Mr. Holt said that no name had been offered from his county, for he supposed that they thought nobody needed it there, except the new converts, along with Sheriff Guthrie, whom *they had recently bought!*

The question recurred upon Mr. Baker's substitute.

Mr. King of Lenoir, moved to amend the substitute by adding the words: "All that are in favor of universal suffrage to all male persons over 21 years, without distinction of race or color."

Mr. Durham branded this as another dodge to force men into the Republican party.

Mr. King's amendment was put to a vote and adopted.

The yeas and nays were demanded and called upon Mr. Baker's substitute, as amended by Mr. King, and resulted in yeas 82, nays 3.

Mr. Durham offered the following substitute:

"It is the sense of this Convention, that political disabilities ought to be removed from all citizens of North Carolina, without regard to political opinions or their support of or opposition to universal suffrage."

Mr. Tourgee moved to strike out the word "all" wherever it occurs.

Mr. Durham said that Mr. King's amendment to Mr. Baker's substitute was merely to defeat the substitute, in order to make Conservative men support the Republican party, by supporting negro suffrage, before they can get pardon, and this motion of Mr. Tourgee's was another effort to dodge the issue. I don't care whether you dodge it or not; the people shall know it. Now if you want to dodge a direct vote, by incorporating Mr. Tourgee's amendment with my substitute, you can do it, but your skulking will be exposed.

Mr. Tourgee's amendment was voted down.

The question recurred upon Mr. Durham's substitute. Mr. D. asked for *the yeas and nays, which were refused to him,* and the substitute was voted down.

Mr. Rodman moved an amendment, asking Congress to relieve all men in the State, who are disfranchised by the Howard amendment or Reconstruction acts.

The yeas and nays were called and resulted in the following ballot:

YEAS.—Messrs. Baker, Bradley, Daniel, Dowd, Durham, Ellis, Etheridge, Gunter, Hodnett, Hollowell, Holt, Jones, of Caldwell, Laflin, Legg, Lennon, Long, McCubbins, Merritt, Read, Rich, Rodman, Sanderlin, Taylor, Turner, Hall, and Williams, of Wake.

NAYS.—Messrs. Abbott, Andrews, Ashley, Aydlott, Benbow, Blume, Bryan, Carey, (negro,) Carter, Candler, Chillson, Colgrove, Congleton, Dickey, Duckworth, Eppes, (negro,) Fisher, Forkner, Franklin, French, of Bladen, French, of Rockingham, French, of Chowan, Fullings, Gahagan, Galloway, (negro,) Garland, Graham, of Montgomery, Grant, of Wayne, Gully, Harris, of Franklin, Hayes, of Robeson, Hayes, of Halifax, (negro,) Heaton, Highsmith, (negro,) Hobbs, Hood, (negro,) Hyman, (negro,) Ing, Jones, of Washington, King, of Lenoir, Kinney, Lee, (negro,) Logan, Mann, May, Mayo, (negro,) Marshall, McDonald, of Moore, Moore, Morton, Mullican, Murphy, Nance, Newsom, Parker, Parks, Petree, Pierson, (negro,) Pool, Ragland, Renfrow, Rhodes, Robbins, (negro,) Rose, Smith, Stilly, Stillwell, Teague, Tourgee, Trogden, Watts, Welker, and Williamson, (negro.)

The question recurred upon the adoption of the Report of the Committee, and it was accordingly adopted.

By permission, Mr. Mann introduced a series of resolutions, thanking those "noble representatives" in Congress, who have so promptly and so constitutionally stepped forward and impeached Andrew Johnson.

Mr. Durham moved to strike out "constitutionally" and insert "unconstitutionally." Lost.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) arose, but was ruled out of order by the Chair.

Mr. Tourgee insisted that the decision was wrong.

The Chair called Mr. Tourgee to order.

Mr. Tourgee would not take his seat, and the Sergeant-at-arms was sent for.

Still Mr. Tourgee would not be seated.

The Chair then ordered the Sergeant at-arms to conduct Mr. Tourgee to the bar of the house. Mr. Tourgee was accordingly conducted to the bar, and stood there arraigned for infringing upon the rules.

Mr. Rich moved that Mr. Tourgee be reprimanded, and the Chair was about to commence the censure, when Mr. Tourgee insisted that he had a right to be heard, either in person or through counsel.

The chair stated the grounds of offence.

Mr. Tourgee was then allowed to make his defence, which he did at some length.

Mr. Rodman offered a resolution releasing Mr. Tourgee from arrest and that the Convention proceed to transact business.

Hood (negro) moved to amend by inserting the word "unlawful" before the word "arrest."

Mr. Welker said his colleague had been arrested improperly (he thought) and he (Mr. Welker) would insist upon having the matter fairly tried. He would not let the matter drop under the resolution, for either Mr. Tourgee had been improperly or properly dealt with, and, if improperly, he wished it said so now at once.

Hood's amendment was put to a vote and carried.

The question recurred upon Mr. Rodman's resolution, which was put to a vote and carried.

The question recurred upon Mr. Mann's resolution.

Mr. Durham offered the following amendment, which was rejected:

Resolved, That this is a compliment to that tyranny and despotism which is being inaugurated to subvert the Constitution of the United States, and destroy the liberties of the American people.

The question then recurred upon Mr. Mann's resolution.

Mr. Durham asked for the yeas and nays, and they were again refused him. The resolutions were then adopted.

Mr. Rodman offered a resolution, raising a Select Committee of 8 to consider the Relief Question.

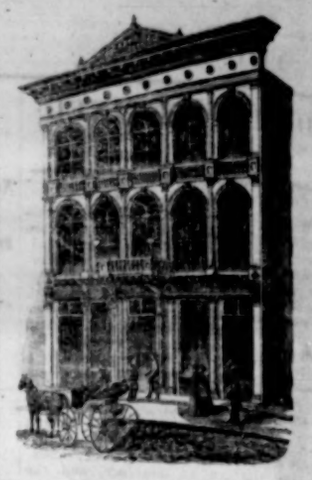
On motion of Mr. Rodman, the rules were suspended and the resolution adopted.

Adjourned.

MISCELLANEOUS

1868 — 1868

SPRING TRADE.



IT AFFORDS US PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE to the PUBLIC that we are now receiving our

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS.

Our assortment will be constantly replenished from day to day.

Our purchases are made with great care and discrimination and for CASH. Therefore, we are prepared to offer the greatest inducements to CASH BUYERS.

REMEMBER OUR MOTTOES:

"Quick Sales and small Profits."
"The Best of Goods at the Lowest of Prices."
"Honesty in dealing the best Policy."

"We attend to our own Business."

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Mar 10—tf

GENT'S SPRING HATS.

20 DOZEN White, Drab and Black HATS.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Mar 10—tf

500 YARDS N. C. CASSIMERE, for Coats and Boys.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Mar 10—tf

PLASTER! PLASTER!

TO FARMERS.

We are now grinding at our Mills 500 tons NOVA SCOTIA PLASTER, for agricultural purposes, which will be sold VERY LOW.

A. P. GRICE,
Union Car Works, Portsmouth, Va.
A. M. McPHEETERS, Agt.,
Raleigh, N. C.
Mar 3—tf

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

WHITE PEPPER.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CANNED PEACHES, TOMATOES AND OYSTERS
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

COX'S GELATINE.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

SARDINES, SARDINES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

FIGS, CURRANTS, CITRON AND RAISINS
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

20 BBLS. No. 4 FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-159-tf

Flour in Sacks!

FORTY SACKS N. C. Family Flour, in store and for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Feb 8-155-tf

LADIES' AND GENT'S SHOES, made in Salem. Come and see them! Cheap and well made—best material.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Feb 26—tf Asst. & Com Merchants.

CROCKERY AND CHINA WARE.

20 Crates well assorted Cups and Saucers, Plates, Dishes, Bowls, Pitchers, &c. China Tea and Dinner Sets.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Feb. 26—tf Asst. & Com. Merchants.

Cheese, Cheese.

I AM TO-DAY RECEIVING a consignment of Cheese, which I will sell cheap for cash.
Feb 25—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF
EXCELLENCE,
For sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—13m

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (2qt.) $8.00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.
The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.
Apply to
E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 19-164-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'

JUST RECEIVED.

50 lbs. Mountain Butter.
Mar 5—tf At DOUGLAS BELL'S.

N. C. IRISH POTATOES.

For sale low by
Mar 5—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SWEET MOUNTAIN BUTTER.

Just received.
Mar. 6—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BITTING'S WHISKEY.

In 5 and 10 gallon kegs
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Mar 2—tf Commission Merchants.

ANDREWS' FAMILY GROCERY.

Here you find any article of Family Groceries you desire. No. 1 articles sold for cash only at small advance. Apply at
ANDREWS'
Mar 5—tf

Salt! Salt!

8,000 SACKS OF SALT. DIRECT importation from Liverpool, for sale by
WILLARD BROS.,
27, 28 and 29 North Water St.,
Dec. 10—100-3m Wilmington.

FARINA, FOX, EGG, MUSHROOM, SUGAR and Soda Crackers.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-150-tf

50 PAIRS LADIES' SHOES, Baltimore manufacture, cheap to close consignment.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Feb. 25—tf Asst. & Com. Merchants.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1868 — 1868

SPRING & SUMMER IMPORTATION

RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods,

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
BONNETS, TRIMMINGS & VELVET RIBBONS,
BONNET SILKS, SATINS & VELVETS,
Blonds, Nets, Crapes, Rushes, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,
STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS,
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,
SHAKER HOODS, &c.
237 and 239 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, Md.

OFFER the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.
Orders solicited, and prompt attention given.
March 13—2w

Meal! Meal! Meal!

100 BUSHELS MEAL AT
DOUGLAS BELL'S.
March 12—tf

Star's Snuff,

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURchasers, by
DOUGLAS BELL.
March 12—tf

ANOTHER lot of Patapsco and Belle Air Family Flour just received at
DOUGLAS BELL'S.
March 12—tf

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR just received by
DOUGLAS BELL.
March 12—tf

CAROLINA RICE at
DOUGLAS BELL'S.
March 12—tf

S. B. KAHNWEILER,
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER
OF
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS AND BONNETS.
425 BROADWAY,
(BETWEEN CANAL AND HOWARD STS.)
NEW YORK.
March 12—1m

NEW BOOKS
JUST RECEIVED.

SENSE AND NONSENSE; by Brick Pomeroy, Editor La Crosse *Democrat*; in separate volumes, $1.50 each.
ECCE DEUS and ECCE DEUS HOMO, in separate volumes, $1.50 each.
BARCKLEY'S DIGEST, with the Constitution of the United States, and amendments thereto; to which are added Jefferson's Manual of Parliamentary Practice and the Standing Rules and Orders for conducting business in the House of Representatives and Senate of the United States. Price $2 50.
HISTORY OF THE RISE OF THE DUTCH REPUBLIC, by John Lothrop Motley, 3 volumes, 8vo sheep. Publisher's price $10.00
THE NEGRO; what is his Ethnological Status? Is he a descendant of Adam, and Eve? by Ariel. Price 30 cents.
JAS. H. ENNISS, Bookseller,
March 12—tf Raleigh, N. C.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Spring and Summer Importation of Ribbons, Millinery, Straw Goods, &c: Armstrong, Cator & Co., 237 and 239 Baltimore St., Baltimore,—a reliable, enterprising and excellent Firm.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Boston Lewis, colored, charged with damaging and injuring the State House, by removing copper from the roof, was returned to the Superior Court.

John W. Ragland, ("delligat" to the mongrel Convention from Granville,) and John Gallagher, charged with being engaged in an affray on Fayetteville Street, were returned to the Superior Court.

ELEVEN NEGRO prisoners escaped from Halifax jail on Monday last. They knocked down the jailor and then got off. Two other prisoners,—a white man and a negro, who refused to join in the conspiracy for escape, were found securely tied and nearly suffocated from bandages which had been drawn across their mouths, to prevent an alarm being given.

LITHOGRAPH.—We are indebted to Mr Welborne for a good lithograph picture of an ancient engraving, on stone, of the trial of the Savior before Pontius Pilate, found under a Church at Vienna and brought to America in 1782 by Joseph Kerner. It has been recently lithographed by Dr. E. Kerner, of Forsythe, and is now for sale at the bookstores of J. H. Ennis and Branson & Jones, of this city. It is an interesting picture and deserves preservation. The reader will find, in the expressions attributed to the persons present at the trial, that there were Conservatives and Radicals at that day. The Radicals cried "Crucify him! crucify him!" but Nicodemus and other Conservatives said, "Does our law condemn any man, without hearing and knowing the cause?"

FOR INTERESTING matter, see first page.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—The following excellent resolution, adopted by the recent great Conservative meeting in Newbern, has the ring of the true metal. We commend its patriotic spirit to our friends throughout the State:

Resolved, That the gentlemen placed in nomination by the Conservative Executive Committee of the State, on the 28th ult., are all that we could wish, so far as regards talent, integrity, qualification and availability, and we hereby pledge ourselves to support them with enthusiasm and zeal, and *to vote the whole ticket* without erasing a single name from the list, feeling that, in doing so, we will be best serving the interest of the whole country.

LENOIR.—A Conservative meeting for the appointment of candidates to represent Lenoir county, in the new order of things, was held at Kinston, on Saturday of last week. The meeting was addressed by Messrs. Morrisey and Emundson, of Goldsboro.

A committee was appointed to wait on Jno. F. Wooten, Esq., to learn if he would accept a nomination from the Senatorial District, composed of Jones and Lenoir counties. For the House of Commons, Jno. A. Parrot was nominated. For Sheriff, Brook West. For Superior Court Clerk, Nick Hunter—the present County Court Clerk. For Register, W. W. N. Hunter.

HALIFAX.—A Mass Meeting of the Conservatives of Halifax will be held in the town of Halifax, on the 21st inst., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature and for county offices.

CANVASSERS.—The following additional announcements are hereby officially made, viz:

Hyde.—William S. Carter, N. Beckwith, Edward L. Mann, Jones Spencer, Tillman Farrow, Benj. Jennett and Homer W. Styron.

Burton Stilley, Esq., is announced as an additional Canvasser for Beaufort.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

HENDERSON, N. C., March 11th, 1868.

Editors Sentinel:—The news of the declination, by the Hon. Z. B. Vance, of the nomination for the Chief Magistracy of our State, has been received by us, as it will probably be by all *white* men in the State, with feelings of the deepest regret. Our people are anxious to do honor to the noble son of North Carolina, who has stood by them at all times, through good and evil report, and who has clung to the glorious prestige of his Mother with a tenacity and honest devotion, which will gather about his name a halo of nobility that must command the admiration and esteem of her future sons, and of the nation. But while we deplore his action, and the circumstances which prompt it, we fully appreciate it, and submit, feeling assured that the time will come when Zebulon B. Vance will again be placed in the Executive Chair, by a people who can never show their full appreciation of the valuable services rendered them by him, or of his real, intrinsic worth.

This disappointment necessitates the holding of another meeting of the State Executive Committee, to consider the situation, and put in nomination another, who will bear the standard of our party safely and successfully through the coming conflict, and one who will be an honor to the responsible position that may be conferred upon him. In my intercourse with the people of this section, (this and surrounding counties,) all seem to agree, with one accord, upon one upon whom the mantle of the illustrious predecessors in the office may aptly fall,—the Hon. A. S. MERRIMON, of Buncombe.

Judge Merrimon, as a gentleman of the strictest integrity, of profound ability, and of unblemished character, provokes even eulogies from his worst (political) enemies. His capacities for the position have been fully shown, eminently so while occupying a position upon our Superior Court Bench.

I am satisfied, from what I have seen and heard, that the nomination of Judge Merrimon will be in strict accordance with the wishes of the whole white people of this section, and highly so with the people of Western Carolina. Let us have this gentleman as our leader, and we feel assured that all will be well.

R. M. F.

DOWN WITH THE CONSTITUTION.—That is the watch-word of the white men of North Carolina.

THE SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

With a view to the information of the people, who are about making nominations for the Legislature in the various portions of the State, we publish below the arrangement of Senatorial Districts, as gerrymandered by the mongrel Convention.

It will be observed that the apportionment has been made with special reference to the predominance of the negro power.—Counties, which have a decided white majority, are denied the separate representation to which they are entitled by numbers, and tacked on to some other county having a larger negro majority, in order to secure a Radical or negro Senator and stifle the VOTES OF WHITE MEN. This is in strict keeping with the infamous purpose of the Radical hybrids to force negro rule upon the free white men of North Carolina:

1st District—Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden, Chowan, Currituck and Gates, elect two Senators.

2d District—Tyrrell, Martin and Washington, elect one Senator.

3d District—Beaufort and Hyde, elect one Senator.

4th District—Northampton, elects one Senator.

5th District—Bertie and Hertford, elect one Senator.

6th District—Halifax, elects one Senator.

7th District—Edgecombe, elects one Senator.

8th District—Pitt, elects one Senator.

9th District—Nash and Wilson, elect one Senator.

10th District—Carteret and Craven, elect two Senators.

11th District—Jones and Lenoir, elect one Senator.

12th District—Duplin and Onslow, elect one Senator.

13th—District—Brunswick and New Hanover, elect two Senators.

14th District—Bladen and Columbus, elect one Senator.

15th District—Robeson, elects one Senator.

16th District—Cumberland, Harnett and Sampson, elect two Senators.

17th District—Johnston, elects one Senator.

18th District—Greene and Wayne, elect one Senator.

19th District—Franklin and Wake, elect two Senators.

20th District—Warren, elects one Senator.

21st District—Granville and Person, elect two Senators.

22d District—Orange, elects one Senator.

23d District—Chatham, elects one Senator.

24th District—Caswell, elects one Senator.

25th District—Rockingham, elects one Senator.

26th District—Alamance and Guilford, elect two Senators.

27th District—Montgomery and Randolph, elect one Senator.

28th District—Moore and Richmond, elect one Senator.

29th District—Anson and Union, elect one Senator.

30th District—Mecklenburg, elects one Senator.

31st District—Cabarrus and Stanly, elect one Senator.

32d District—Davie and Rowan, elect one Senator.

33d District—Davidson, elects one Senator.

34th District—Forsythe and Stokes, elect one Senator.

35th District—Surry and Yadkin, elect one Senator.

36th District—Alexander and Iredell, elect one Senator.

37th District—Catawba, Gaston and Lincoln, elect one Senator.

38th District—Cleaveland, Polk and Rutherford, elect one Senator.

39th District—Alleghany, Ashe and Wilkes, elect one Senator.

40th District—Buncombe, Henderson and Transylvania, elect one Senator.

41st District—Burke, Caldwell and Watauga, elect one Senator.

42d District—Madison, Mitchell, McDowell and Yancey, elect one Senator.

43d District—Clay, Cherokee, Haywood, Jackson and Macon, elect one Senator.

RADICAL NOMINATION—TOO LATE.—The resident Radical Committee, in this City, has nominated Judge Reade and Capt. Settle for the additional places on the Supreme Court Bench, and Judge Warren, for the Superior Court bench, in the *seventh* Circuit.

The nomination of Judge Reade and Judge Warren, at this late day, after they had been rejected by the Radical Convention is an insult to those gentlemen. To discard Judge Reade, who was already on the bench, for Messrs. Dick and Rodman, and now to take him up as a *dernier resort*, will be rebuked by his friends all over the State. And worse than all, to reject Judge Warren, who resides in the second District, and put in jay-bird Jones, and then to put him up for the *seventh* Judicial District, is a hypocritical manœuvre, to say the least of it.

CONSERVATIVE MEETING IN PITT.

Pursuant to notice, the Conservative citizens of Pitt county, *en masse*, assembled in Convention at Greenville, on Tuesday, 3d. instant.

Great enthusiasm pervaded the meeting. Dr. Elias J. Blount was called upon to preside, and Dr. William A. Bernard requested to act as Secretary.

The Chairman selected the following gentlemen as a committee to draft resolutions, embodying the political principles and indicating the course of action of the Conservative voters of the county: George W. Johnson, Henry Sheppard, Benjamin W. Browne, James L. Langley, Willis R. Williams and W. A. Quinnerly.

During the absence of the committee on resolutions, the Convention was entertained by an able, instructive and eloquent address from the Hon. Sion H. Rogers, the distinguished Attorney General of North Carolina.

The following resolutions, reported by the committee, were unanimously adopted—the third resolution eliciting, on its reception, the wildest enthusiasm:

Resolved, That the Conservative party of Pitt county adopt the political platform of the great Conservative party of North Carolina, as announced in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th. day of February, 1868; and that we pledge all our energies in opposition to Radicalism, and the oppressive and revolting innovations which the present infamous State Convention is seeking to engraft upon the organic law of North Carolina.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to support the regular nominations of the Conservative party for civil officers to this State.

Resolved, That we admire the unfaltering courage, the stern patriotism and the exalted magnanimity of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States; and we pledge ourselves by all lawful measures to encourage and uphold his efforts in defending and preserving the Constitution.

Resolved, That this Convention effect such county organization, as will bring out to the polls the whole Conservative strength in the approaching political contest.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen as Committee on nominations:—C. J. O'Hagan, Louis Hilliard, William M. King, P. H. Mayo, W. J. Moye, William Flanckin, John Randolph, Jas. Williams, jr., Sam Kitterell, W. J. Carmon, Jacob McCotter, S. B. Kilpatrick, G. W. Venters, George W. Cox, Abraham Cox, Jos. Haddock, G. E. Taft, John Galloway, George Daniel, Howell Whitehead, W. H. Perkins, W. R. Whichard, M. C. Cherry, W. P. Bryant, Josephus Lathan, H. W. Browne, Ripon Ward and Robert Hatton.

During the deliberations of the nominating Committee, spirited and eloquent speeches were made by Judge Biggs, of Martin, Col. W. A. Jenkins, of Warren, and F. B. Satterthwaite, Esq., of Beaufort Co.

The following nominations were made by the Committee:

For Senate.—Major John Peebles, of Falkland.

Commons.—Dr. John S. Taft, of Greenville, and W. G. Little, of Pactolus.

Superior Court Clerk.—James B. Cherry, of Greenville.

County Court Clerk.—George A. Dancey, of Greenville.

Sheriff.—Wm. Flanckin, of Marlborough.

The nominations of the Conservative party of the State for civil officers were fully endorsed.

The report of the Committee was received with entire unanimity.

On motion, it was ordered that the *Raleigh Sentinel* and *North Carolinian* be requested to publish the proceedings of the meeting.

E. J. BLOUNT, Chm'n.
WM. A. BERNARD, Sec'y.

CONSERVATIVE MASS MEETING IN DAVIDSON.

At a meeting of the Conservatives of Davidson county, held in the Court House in Lexington, on Saturday, March 7th, 1868, on motion, Col. C. F. Lowe was appointed President, Alex. Conrad, Esq., Vice President, and Andrew Sechrist and Jno. D. Paylor, Esqs., were requested to act as Secretaries.

F. C. Robbins, Esq., being called for, explained the object of the meeting to be to organize a Conservative party. He showed the necessity of so doing, in order to effect the constitutional restoration of North Carolina to the Union and to save the State from Radical rule and consequent ruin.—Their policy to establish negro rule, and, hence, *negro social equality*, is clearly visible. This is the issue. He addressed himself next to the negroes present, advising them that the Conservatives were really their best friends,—the *pretensions* of the Radical leaders to the contrary notwithstanding. He disowned any intention, on the part of the Conservatives, as charged by others, to inaugurate a conflict of races.—They simply desired that the negro should occupy such places, and be admitted to such participation in the government, as his moral and intellectual fitness should justify. This is the White Man's government, and its destiny should be controlled by the race that fought to establish it in '76, and are every way infinitely more capable to labor for its peace and prosperity. The Conservatives of this county are fully able to vote down the Radical Constitution, soon to be submitted to the people, if the true men of the county will only appreciate the issue and *vote as they please*. A little more independence of action, calmly but firmly, will redound to our honor;—and a returning sense of right, by the people of the whole country, will eventually save the nation, and the State of North Carolina will go back to the Union upon just and honorable principles.

Henry Waiser, Sr., next addressed the meeting, charging that the present Congress, having all the *power* to restore the Union, was responsible for the present distracted, disorganized condition of the country; and, if there are disloyalists or revolutionists in the country, the Radical members of this Congress, legislating outside of the Constitution, *are the leaders*.

M. H. Pinnix, Esq., also addressed the meeting. His interest and sympathy were with the *white* race, as was that of every other good, white citizen. He urged that we should adhere to *principle* at all hazards; and denounced the *policy* men, in this crisis, as unreliable and dangerous. He had taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and, regarding the Reconstruction Acts as unconstitutional, could not support them without violating his oath.

J. H. Welborn, Esq., said the issue, with him, was to stand by the Constitution of the United States or go with those endeavoring to effect its overthrow.

Mr. Robbins read the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we fully endorse and ratify the proceedings of the Conservative Convention held at Raleigh, on 5th of February last, and earnestly commend its declaration of principles and plan of organization to the people of this county.

Resolved, That in order to carry out that plan, we recommend the appointment of three persons in each Captain's District, to act as an Executive Committee, whose duty shall be to superintend all matters of organization in the county, and to see that every Conservative in their respective districts register, who has not done so and is entitled, and to induce all to turn out and vote.

Resolved, That it is the imperative duty of every good citizen, who has not registered, to do so when an opportunity offers,—to arouse from the indifference into which he has fallen, go to the polls on election day and vote against the destructive Radical policy now being inaugurated in our good old State, and thus save her from humiliation and ruin.

The following resolutions were introduced by M. H. Pinnix, Esq., and adopted:

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint five persons to represent Davidson County in the Judicial District Convention, called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for solicitor in the 8th. Judicial District.

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint five persons to represent Davidson county in the Congressional District Convention, called to nominate a candidate for Congress in the 5th. Congressional District, and to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention.

Under the 1st. resolution the Chairman appointed the following:—Thomas P. Allen, Alex. F. Smith, J. H. Welborn, P. A. Hoover, Dr. C. M. Payne.

Under the 2d.:—H W Brummell, W H Badgett, M H Pinnix, Dr J H Shelton, Dr W B Meares.

Harmony prevailed throughout the meeting.

The Conservatives of Davidson are in earnest.

On motion, the proceedings were ordered to be forwarded to the *Raleigh Sentinel* and the *Old North State*, with a request to publish.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

C. F. LOWE, President.
ALEX. CONRAD, Vice.
ANDREW SECHRIST, JNO. D. PAYLOR, Secretaries.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Noon Dispatches.

MR. DAVIS' TRIAL AGAIN POSTPONED!

RICHMOND, March 12, M.

The trial of Mr. Davis, which was to have taken place on the fourth Wednesday in March, was postponed by the following proceedings in Judge Underwood's Court, this morning:

"UNITED STATES vs. JEFFERSON DAVIS. Counsel having been heard in this cause for the U. S. and for the Defendant, it is now ordered that said Defendant have leave to depart hence until the 14th. day of April next, at 11 o'clock, at which day and hour he is required to be and appear personally before this Court, according to the conditions of his recognizance.

JNO. C. UNDERWOOD,
W. H. BARRY, Clerk, *District Judge*.

Mr. Davis, it is stated, would have been in Richmond, next week.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 12, M.

The Impeachers manifest a feverish anxiety; otherwise, no excitement.

No signs of a veto of the Majority Bill. The Democrats argue that the Majority Bill will render the admission of Alabama, under the recent election, doubly inexcusable.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March, 12, M.

Gold easier, 1,39½. Tennessee, ex-coupons, 66; new 63½.

Cotton dull and drooping, 25.

Turpentine unsettled, 71@72. Rosin dull.—Common 3,25.

LONDON, March 12, M.

Bonds 71¾. Consols 93¼.

LIVERPOOL, March 12, M.

Cotton easier, though quotably unaltered.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 12, P. M.

SENATE.—The Pension Bill was discussed, when the Senate went into Executive session, but came out a few minutes and concurred in the House amendment to the bill amending the Judiciary Acts, which now goes to the President.

Executive session again and adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Freedmen's Bureau extension was postponed to Tuesday.

The Senate resolution, erecting a military Warehouse at Fortress Monroe, passed.

Internal management of the Treasury was discussed at length.

The Senate bill to amend the Judiciary act of '89 to appeal suits arising from collection of the revenue, passed, with amendment, repealing so much of the act of February 5th, 1867, (being an act to amend the Judiciary act of '89,) as authorizes an appeal from the judgment of a Circuit Court, to the Supreme Court, or the exercise of any such jurisdiction by the Supreme Court, on appeals that have been or may hereafter be taken.

Stevens called up Alabama admission Bill, but Blaine moved to adjourn, which was carried.

FROM WASHINGTON—NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION, ETC.

WASHINGTON, March 12, P. M.

Attorney General Stanbery's resignation was accepted, to-day. He defends the President.

The bill making a majority of the votes cast sufficient to ratify Constitutions, and allowing registered persons to vote anywhere in a State, after ten days residence, on certificate, affidavit or other evidence, *is a law by a lapse of ten days*.

The Republican majority in New Hampshire is 2,500 to 2,800, in a total vote of 77,000. Each party carries five counties.

It was Lt Col. Sykes, instead of Sickles, that was ordered to report to Hancock for duty.

It is stated that Judge Chase favors allowing the President twenty or thirty days to prepare his case. He will insist on reasonable time.

The Impeachment Managers are very busy, taking evidence.

Thirty additional Senate Doorkeepers have been employed.

The President has remitted the sentence of the Military Commission, at Vicksburg, of May, 1867, whereby Abell Wall, a citizen, was sentenced to seven years hard labor in the Arkansas penitentiary. This remission is issued in General orders, signed by Grant, on the President's order.

The *Star* says there is good reason for saying that no decision will be rendered in the McCardle case for two or three days.

It is stated that should the amendment to the Judiciary bill, passed to-day become a law, it will throw McCardle out of Court.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION—ATROCIOUS PROSCRIPTION, &C.

RICHMOND, March 12, P. M.

The disfranching clause was reconsidered, and amended, so as to disfranchise all who gave "aid and comfort to the rebellion," whether the person had taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and again adopted.—Yeas 44, nays 38.

An amendment, requiring a two-thirds vote of the Legislature to remove the disability, and each removal to be made by a separate vote, was adopted.

General Schofield, to-day, issued an order, suspending the sales of property, under deeds of trust, where the sale would result in unnecessary sacrifice, or where the payment of interest in a reasonable time, without such sacrifice, can be made.

SOUTH CAROLINA CONVENTION—THE NIGGER ON TOP.

CHARLESTON, March 12, P. M.

The Republican State Convention nominated, by acclamation, Cordoza, a negro, *for Secretary of State!!*

Half of the delegates chosen to the Chicago Republican Convention ARE NEGROES.

The Constitutional Convention agreed to adjourn on Tuesday, the 17th.

A resolution was adopted, instructing the General Assembly to institute proceedings for the recovery of all property sold for Confederate money.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 12, P. M.

Cotton dull and heavy—almost nominal. Sales of 5,000 bales at 25.

Turpentine 70½@71¼.

Gold steady at 1,39½. Sterling dull 9½. Coupons of '61, 10½.

BALTIMORE, March 12 P. M.

Cotton quiet.

Flour firmer and advanced a quarter.

WILMINGTON, March 12, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine declined, 69½. Rosin quiet. Extra No. 1, 4 12½. Tar 2,30.

Cotton weaker; middling 22½@23.

LIVERPOOL, March 12, P. M.

Cotton closed quiet. Uplands 10½; Orleans 10¾. Sales of 10,000 bales.

FISHING NOTICE

I EXPECT TO PUT IN MY SEINE AT MY Fishery, in Blount's Creek, Beaufort County, about the 15th inst. I hope, therefore, to be able to supply my customers and the public with Herrings, &c., on good terms.

W. A. BLOUNT.
Blount's Creek, N. C., March 11—2w

For Rent.

THE Residence of the late Dr. W. W. Gray, situated in the Eastern part of Raleigh. Two acres of land attached, with fine GARDEN. Terms moderate. Apply to

March 11—tf P. F. PESCUD.

SPECIAL NOTICES

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat,

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For **Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Oct. 28—69-ea1m

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENB UM'S 75 Pieces, the choicest Brands, of BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

To be sold at lowest market rates.

Feb 18-163-tf

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

A Book for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 1-142-dawlm

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and FEEL**S** OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

OFFICE:
215 Fulton Street, New York.
205 High Holborn, London, England.
141 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.

Aug. 30—20-eod1m

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

J. A. McDONALD, OF CHATHAM, AT the request of many friends, announces himself as an independent candidate for Congress in the Fourth (Metropolitan) Congressional District.

Feb 28 - te

MISCELLANEOUS.

TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR Universal Neuralgia PILL.

A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is the UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than TWO OR THREE PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.

One package,	$1.00	Postage 6 cents.
Six packages,	5.00	" 27 "
Twelve packages,	9.00	" 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.
Jan. 10—150-dawGm&wGm

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WAKE COUNTY.

SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, FALL TERM, 1867.

William C. Rhodes, vs. Lydia Rhodes. } *Petition for Divorce.*

In this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Sheriff of said County, having returned upon the Petition and Subpœna in this cause, to Fall Term, 1867, of said Court, that the defendant was *not to be found*," Proclamation was thereupon made at the Court House for said defendant and said defendant not appearing it was ordered that advertisement be made, in the *Sentinel*, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks successively, notifying said defendant to be and appear at the next Term of Wake Superior Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Raleigh, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March next; and if the defendant shall fail to attend at the above named time then the cause will be determined *ex parte*.

Witness, J. N. BUNTING, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the first Monday after the fourth Monday of September, A. D. 1867.

J. N. BUNTING, S. C. C.

Jan 13-132-d1aw6w

VERY OLD SCUPPERNONG WINE.

Feb 6-153-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow " do
15 bbls. N. G. " do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

HAND-SAWS, HAMMERS, Hatchets Files and Rasps. W. H JONES & CO.
Feb. 25—tf Anc. & Com. Merchants.

NO. 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Cross-cut Saws, various sizes. Mill Saw, Hand Saw, and Blacksmith Files, Anvils, Bellows and Vises. Best quality Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Feb. 29—tf With Hart & Lewis

FOR SALE.

ANOTHER supply of best Mountain Apples.
Feb 21-165-tf W. H. JONES & C.
Agct. & Comm. Merchant.

5 BBLS. RYE WHISKEY.
5 bbls. Corn Whiskey.
On consignment and for sale low, to close out.
Mar 9—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

BACON AND LARD.

5,000 lbs. Baltimore Sides.
3,000 " " Shoulders.
1,500 " Sugar cured Hams.
5,000 " Family Lard in 10, 25, and 50 lb packages. At
Mar 9—tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c. BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	
" Cape Fear	50c
" Charlotte	25
" Wadesboro	28
" Wilmington	24
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	60
" Graham	25
" Lexington (old)	25
" " (new)	19
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	15
" Fayetteville	4
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	7
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	5
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	60
" " " (new)	25
Miners' and Planters' Bank	12
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	80
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	25
Virginia Bank Notes average about	6
South Carolina "	20
Georgia "	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-288-3m

Greensboro QUOTATIONS FOR N. C. BANK NOTES!

BUYING RATES AT BANKING HOUSE OF HENRY G. KELLOGG, Greensboro, N. C.

CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STS., IN TATE BUILDING.

Bank of N. C.	
" Cape Fear	50
" Charlotte	25
" Wadesboro	28
" Wilmington	24
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	60
" Graham	25
" Lexington (old)	25
" " (new)	19
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	15
" Fayetteville	4
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	25
" " " new	17
Miners & Planters Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wil	24
Greensboro Mutual	07

Any Bank Notes sent us by Express will be remitted for *on day of receipt*, at highest market rate, and if prices given are not satisfactory, the notes will be returned.

We sell Drafts on Principal Northern Cities,

AND ALSO ON EUROPE.

DEAL IN GOLD AND SILVER, BULLION, MUTILATED AND BROKEN BANK CURRENCY, U. S. BONDS, STOCKS AND SECURITIES, REVENUE STAMPS, NICKEL,

receive deposits, and conduct the business of an incorporated Bank.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED.

Feb 24-167-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

W. W. FULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, A. S. MERRIMON, GEO. W. SWEPSON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT FEB. 7, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	5
" Commerce	15
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	22
" North Carolina	50
" Roxboro'	50
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	20
" Washington	24
" Yanceyville	7
" Wilmington	2
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	25
" " " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Plant'r's Bank	35

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	50
" Cape Fear	20½
" Charlotte	29
" Lexington, at Graham	24
" Roxboro	25
" Randolph	25
" Thomasville	60
" Commerce	17
" Wilmington	8
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planter's Bank	35
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	60
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	50
Virginia Bank Notes, about	5
South Carolina "	25
Georgia "	22
Gold	23
Silver	138
Old Coupons	130
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	42
Old Sixes	87½
Exchange on New York	55

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	16@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@13
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	18@20
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	30@50
CORN	1 30@1 40
COFFEE	25@40
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HERRINGS	10 00@10
HIDES, Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	12@15
HAY	1 10@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 25@1 50
MOLASSES	65@75
NAILS	7@10
PEAS—Stock	1 25@1 50
" White	2 00@2 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	75@1 00
RAGS	4@6
SALT—Fine	1 60@1 75
" Coarse	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	30@75
MULLETS	18 50@6 00

REMARKS.

Cotton continues active and in demand. Sold yesterday (Thursday) at 20 and 21.

ORANGES AND LEMONS. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, (NOT STOCKHOLDERS) THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG POLICY HOLDERS.

THE EQUITABLE has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the General Agents.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DESCHWAT & GUION, " Newbern.
OREEN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agents, Washington.
BARNIZER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.
HUTCHISON, BURBOUGHS & Co. Charlotte N. C.

Jan. 11—131-tf General Agents for N. C.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications to issue Policies of Insurance against loss by fire at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding $3,500,000.

Losses PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Dec. 14—110-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Statement, Dec. 31st. 1867.

Accumulated Assets

$17,670,288,88

INCOME FOR 1867

$7,726,516 53

FOR PREMIUMS $6,339,804,95

FOR INTEREST $1,393,711,58

Losses paid in 1867 $1,268,758,18

DAILY SENTINEL.

FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1868.

State Conservative Convention, At Raleigh, Feb. 5th and 6th, 1868.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Hon. THOS BRAGG, RALEIGH, *Chairman.*

RESIDENT COMMITTEE AT RALEIGH.

Hon A S Merrimon.
" Daniel G Fowle.
Gen W R Cox.
Seaton Gales, Esq.
J P H Rose, Esq.
M A Bledsoe, Esq.
R C Badger, *Secretary.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

Hon W N H Smith, Hertford.
William A Moore, Chowan.
Mills L Eure, Gates.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Henry R Bryan, Craven.
Geo V Strong, Wayne.
Thos S Kenan, Duplin.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Hon Geo Howard, Edgecombe.
Jos J Davis, Franklin.
Gen M W Ransom, Northampton.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Hon J M Leach, Davidson.
Livingston Brown, Caswell.
Jas T Morehead, Jr., Guilford.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Col E D Hall, New Hanover.
Archibald McLean, Cumberland.
Hon Thos S Ashe, Anson.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

R F Armfield, Wilkes.
W M Robbins, Rowan.
Hon J H Wilson, Mecklenburg.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Plato Durham, Cleaveland.
A C Avery, Burke.
M L McCorkle, Catawba.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

R M Stokes, Buncombe.
Cassius Gudger, Haywood.
W L Love, Macon.

National Democratic Convention.

DELEGATES.

Hon. W. N. H. Smith,
Gen. W. R. Cox,
W. A. Wright, Esq.,
Jno. F. Hoke, Esq.

ALTERNATES.

Jno. Hughes, Esq.,
Jno. A. Gilmer, Jr.,
A. C. Cowles, Esq.,
Hon. A. T. Davidson.

A PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a Chairman and thirty members,—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh, and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The Committee shall have power to maintain its organization, by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registration, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organizations, appoint a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and, when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

Resolved, That the President of the Convention appoint five or more persons, in each County, to make a thorough canvass of the same, and disseminate proper political information.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

The Conservative people of North Carolina having, by their delegates, assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th, of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people of the Reconstruction Acts and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved* That it is the opinion of this Convention, that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically, and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper means within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudices against that race; that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder, in the last resort, of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact, as established by law in the earlier and better days of the Republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates, for the State at large, to represent the Conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the Conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, which has been appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient, to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered; and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said offices.

Canvassers for the State at Large.

The following gentlemen have been appointed, by the State Conservative Executive Committee, Canvassers for the State at large. It is to be hoped that they will at once make appointments to address the people. The original paper containing the list of canvassers for the State having been misplaced, the following is believed to be a correct list:

Hon William A Graham.
" James M Leach.
Gen M W Ransom.
Hon J R McLean.
" Jesse G Shepherd.
Maj Marcus Erwin.
Hon F B Satterthwaite.
" Hon Asa Biggs.
" J. W. Osborne.
" R Y Meaden.
" George Davis.
" Jesse R. Stubbs.
" S J Person.
" W. N. H. Smith.
" W T Dortch.
Col Robert Strange.
Hon Nathaniel Boyden.
" John Kerr.
" George Howard.
Col R H Cowan.
" W P Bynum.
Giles Leitch, Esq.
Col S McD Tate.
Arch McLean, Esq.
Col D D Ferebee.
Ralph Gorrell, Esq.
Col W F Martin.
Col Jas T Morehead.
C B Sanders, Esq.
W F McKesson, Esq.
J J Yeates, Esq.
Col S B Spruill.
Hon Thomas S Ashe.
Col Walter L Steele.
Hon. B. S. Gaither,
" Josiah Turner,
" D. G. Fowle,
John H. Haughton, Esq.,
Col. Wm. A. Jenkins,
Wm. Eaton, Jr., Esq.,
R. F. Armfield, Esq.,
Edward Conigland, Esq.,
A. A. McKoy, Esq.,
P. H. Winston, Esq.,
W. McL. McKay, Esq.,
Col. S. H. Walkup,
Col. Wm. Johnston.
Hon C C Clark.
David F Caldwell, Esq.
Col Thos C. Fuller.
Dr. Jas T Leach.
M. Q. Waddell, Esq.
T. Brown Venable, Esq.

COUNTY CANVASSERS.

Alamance County.—Dr. John A. Moore, James A. Graham, James E. Boyd, George Patterson, Sr., T. M. Holt.

Anson.—Thomas S. Ashe, Arch'd. Niven, C. R. Liles, W. G. Smith, W. P. Kendall.

Beaufort.—Thomas Sparrow, Joseph B. Stickney, Churchill Gorham, F. B. Satterthwaite, Edward S. Marsh.

Burke.—Thos. G. Walton, S. C. W. Tate, Dr. David Berry, Andrew Shuford, Jno. F. Merrill.

Brunswick.—Capt. D. E. Allen, Samuel R. Chinnis, Col. S. D. Thurston, Thos. Drew, Asa Rose.

Bladen.—Rev. Colin Shaw, George Cromartie, Jno. A. Richardson, Thos. H. Sutton and J. W. Purdie, Duncan Kelly, W. J. Parker, Esqrs.

Bertie.—Col. David Outlaw, Col. Samuel B. Spruill, J. L. Mitchell, Esq., Jos. B. Cherry, Esq., and P. H. Winston, Jr.

Calarrus.—William S. Harris, John M. Long, Dr. L. S. Bingham, Dr. F. M. Henderson, Frank Rogers, Samuel Pharr, P. B. Means.

Caldwell.—Maj. W. H. Malone, Gen. S. F. Patterson, Edward W. Jones, Rev. Isaac Oxford, R. H. Moody.

Chatham.—M. Q. Waddell, John Manning, Jr., H. A. London, Jr., B. J. Howze, James F. Rives.

Carteret.—Dr. L. W. Martin, L. S. Oglesby, John M. Perry, Samuel Lefters, Ben. H. Bell.

Catawba.—Dr. Ellis, Dr. Turner Abernathy, Jonas Cline, G. James, Capt. Helton, A J Whitner, J H Bruns, Samuel Tucker, Wesley Bandy, Daniel Deal, Capt. M. O. Sherrill, George Yoder.

Caswell.—Bedford Brown, John Kerr, Thomas Donoho, S. P. Hill, G. W. Thompson.

Columbus.—John W. Ellis, W. J. Stanley, Fourney George, V. V. Richardson, J. M. McGougan.

Cumberland.—Hon J G Shepherd, David McNeill, Esq., J H Myrover, Esq., Hon Thos C Fuller, Capt Benjamin Robinson, Col W McL McKay, Joseph A McArthur, Esq., Wm J Kelly, Esq., Hector McNeill, (late Sheriff,) John Averett, Jr., Capt Wm B. Ray.

Cleveland.—Lee M McAfee, J W Gidney, M D Lee, H Cabaniss, A R Homesly.

Craven.—Henry R. Bryan, Alexander C. Latham, Wm. C. Mearl, John Hughes, Dr P. E. Hines, H. T. Guion, Alex. Justice, Jno. H. Haughton, J. N. Washington.

Currituck.—Dr. W. H. Lassell, Burwell M. Baxter, James M. Woodhouse, William Shaw, T. C. Humphreys.

Camden.—Col. D. D. Ferebee, Dr. Mullen, C. G. Luke, W. B. Ferebee and Willis Sanderlin.

Chowan.—D R Dillard, Saml P Long, Jeptha Ward, Dr R H Winborne, S T Bond, A M Moore, John Roberts, S H Hackett.

Clay.—Col Henry Pratt, Maj P C Hughes, Capt W B Tidwell, G G Bristol, John M Galloway.

Cherokee.—Col H H Davidson, Capt J W Cooper, Capt G N Phillips, Capt J M Slaughter, J B Fain.

Davidson.—C. F. Lowe, Henry Waiser, Sr., F. C. Robbins, J. H. Welborn, M. H. Pinnix, S. S. Jones.

Duplin.—Prof. N. B. Webster, Col. Wm A. Allen, Capt. A. J. Brown, Wm. R. Ward, J. D. Stanford, J. E Hussey.

Franklin.—W K Davis, Jno E Thomas, Dr B T Green, Wm S Harris, Chas M Cook.

Gaston.—W. T. Shipp, Edmund Wilkes, Robt. Holland, Col. Wm. Stowe, Eph. Black.

Granville.—Col. J. S. Amis, R. A. Jenkins, N. E. Cannady, W. H. P. Jenkins, T. L. Hargrove.

Guilford.—Peter Adams, Sr., David F. Caldwell, Jos. W. Gilmer, Levi M. Scott, Nereus Mendenhall, Samuel Rankin, Jr.

Halifax.—Edward Conigland, Mason L. Wiggins, Dr. Henry Macon, R. H. Smith, William H. Day.

Henderson.—T W Taylor, H T Farmer, Dr T A Allen, J D Hyman, S V Pickens.

Hertford.—J. J. Yeates, Dr. G. C. Moore, Dr. R. H. Shields, Dr. R. H Smith, J. B. Slaughter, R. G. Cowper, Esq., S. D. Winburne, H. C. Maddrey, and Jno. A. Vann, Esq.

Harnett.—Gen A D McLean, Col A J McNeill, C C Barbee, Esq., C H Coffield, Esq., Geo W Pegram, Esq., R C Belder, Esq., Dr John McCormick, Col J A Spears, Neill S Stewart, Esq.

Iredell.—Thos. A. Nicholson, J. H. Hill, R. A. McLaughlin, R. R. Dempster, Colonel John Malt.

Jackson.—Col T D Bryson, Col J R Love, Capt J W Terrill, John H Alley, Joseph Keener.

Jones.—R. R. Jones, C. B. Koonce, E. S. Franks, H. C. Foscue, F. Foy, E. M. Foscue.

Johnston.—J. H. Abell, L. R. Waddell, C B. Sanders, W. H. Avers, Seth Woodall, Edw. S. Parker.

Lenoir.—Dr. H. W. Blount, J. C. Wooten, A. Munroe, G. F. Whitfield, Wm. J. Pape.

Lincoln.—W. J. Hoke, D. Schenck, W. A. Graham, W. F. Hynes, J. A. Caldwell.

Martin.—J Edwin Moore, George H Gregory, D. W. Bagley, A H Coffield, and Jos. D. Biggs.

Macon.—Dr J M Lyle, Capt J G Crawford, Col L Howard, Rev Allen Ammons, Jas H Bryson.

Mecklenburg (in part.)—Hon Z. B. Vance, Hon. J. W. Osborne, Col. H. C. Jones, Hon. J. H. Wilson, Gen. J. A. Young, Col. Wm. Johnston.

McDowell.—Gen. Alney Burgin, A. M. Erwin, W. W. Fleming, Dr. John Yancey, Dr. McCoy.

Moore.—Gen D Dowd, Dr Jno Shaw, Capt James D McIver, Capt George Wilcox, Doctor H Turner.

New Hanover.—Hon S J Person, Col. H. Cowan, Maj. Robert Strange, Maj. C. W. McClammy, D. R. Baker, Esq. Maj D J Devane, S A Ashe, Esq., Thos D Meares, Jr.

Northampton.—Gen T J Person, R B Peebles, Dr J C Jacobs, N Thomas Mason, W W Peebles, Dr W S Capeland.

Nash.—Hon A H Arrington, Henry G Williams, Aspey J Taylor, Capt G N Lewis, L F Battle, John Thorpe, Esq., Benj H Bunn.

Orange.—Jones Watson, John F. Lyon, W. W. Guess, John W. Graham, R. F. Webb.

Onslow.—John W. Shackleford, E. W. Fonville, Henry H. Sandlin, M. L. F. Rhodd, W. P. Ward.

Pitt.—E C Yellowley, Dr. C J O'Hagan, G W Johnson, Henry Shepherd, W R Williams, Jesse Stancill, Abram Cox, L G Little.

Richmond.—B F Little, W D Townsend, James T Rosser, James P Leak, John Johnson.

Robeson.—John Leach, N A McLean, Giles Leitch, John H McEachen, Thomas Morrisey.

Rowan.—F E Shober, W H Bailey, Kerr Craige, W A Hanck, Isaac M Shaver, T W Keen, Richard Cowan, Jno. K. Graham.

Rutherford.—L P Erwin, J M Whiteside, Joseph Carson, W H Miller, Dr Thomas S Duffy.

Sampson.—Col A A McKoy, William S Devane, R C Holmes, Dr H A Bizzell, Dr J T Murphy.

Surry.—H M Waugh, H C Hampton, —— Gilmer, Dr Joseph Hollingsworth, N H Gwyn.

Wayne.—C S Wooten, George V Strong, William G Morisey, E A Wright, Gray C. Garris.

Wilkes.—Dr. C L Cooke, Dr James Calloway, E A Wellbourne, Dr Tyre York, Phineas Horton.

Wake.—Charles M Busbee, J Q DeCarteret, Jesse A Norris, George Whiting, Jacob Fleming, R W York, Jesse Winburn, G H Alford, Col. Geo. H. Fairbault, Geo. H. Snow.

Warren.—Col W J Green, Col W A Jenkins, E J Plummer, P H Davis, B M Collins.

Yadkin.—William A. Robey, J Williams, Sr., Joseph Dobson, Aquila Speer, E C Roughton.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1868. Hardware Trade. 1868.

ON HAND.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY, Silver Plated Forks and Spoons, Silver Plated Castors, Sweeds and Refined Iron, Cast and Blister Steel, Garden Tools

ALSO

Cut and Finishing Nails, Cooking Stoves, furnished complete, Hollow Ware, Sad Irons, shoe Lasts and Pegs.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Feb. 27—tf With Hart & Lewis.

King of the South Plows!

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

I AM HAVING MANUFACTURED, AND intend to keep, a supply of the best one horse plows in the State, which I call the KING OF THE SOUTH,—using three points on the same plow, two of which are reversible, making them equal to five points. I refer to a large number of gentlemen, that have been using the plows in this and the adjoining counties.

ALSO,

Family Groceries, Sole and Upper Leather, French and American Calf Skins, Shoe Findings &c.

Always in store for sale as low as the lowest, for cash or country produce.

JORDAN WOMBLE,
Grocer & Commission Merchant,
North side Hargett St., 5th. door from Fayetteville St.
Feb 8-155-dawsjm.

RYE WHISKEY,

10 bbls. Rye Whiskey, on consignment.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS

GARRETT, YOUNG & SCOTT & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK.
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
317 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.
Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.
Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,
New York.
Sept. 28—45-tf.

CLOTHING HOUSE.
R. B. ANDREWS & CO.
Invite attention to their
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
OF
Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'
CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS.
20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Nov. 13—84-tf

JUST RECEIVED.
FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS.
MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit, —worth saving in these times.
FINE CLOTH SACKS,
FINE BEAVER SACKS,
Silk-Mixed Business Suits,
gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times
A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at
R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.
Gents' Furnishing Store,
Oct. 16—60-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

HATS! HATS! HATS!
All the latest styles can be found at
R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S
Gent's Outfitting Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

JUST RECEIVED,
SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
SOLE LEATHER VALISES,
MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,
At R. B. ANDREWS & Co's
GENT'S FURNISHING ROOMS,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

L. BRANSON, J. A JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.
BRANSON & JONES,
SUCCESSORS TO
Branson, Farrar & Co.,
CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
at reduced prices.
Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.
Particular attention paid to orders.
BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29-148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.
WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF OUR SUPply of GARDEN SEED for 1868, grown in 1867, all of which we warrant of the best kinds.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb. 17-162-tf

1868. 1868.
SPRING TRADE.
TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.
A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!
Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.
The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.
Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.
I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.
Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.
I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.
THE GROWTH OF 1867!
Warranted Fresh and Genuine.
JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF Fresh Garden Seed of all kinds, the growth of 1867, from the SEED NURSERY OF DAVID LANDRETH & SON, BLOOMSDALE, NEAR PHILADELPHIA. These seed are warranted *fresh* and *genuine*,—are neatly put in papers, and will be sold at 10 cents each paper or 3 papers for 25 cts.
Apply at N. C. Bookstore.
J. H ENNISS,
Feb 4-151 Bookseller.

FOR 1868!
A NEAT ALMANAC, CONTAINING A FARM and Kitchen Garden Calendar for each month in the year, and other valuable information for gardening will be given to each purchaser.
J. H. ENNISS,
Feb 4-151-tf Bookseller.

GREEN CORN, GREEN PEAS, TOMATOES, Fresh Peaches, in two and three lb cans
For sale cheap by
Mar 5—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SUGARS!!!
A FULL LINE IN STORE AND FOR SALE by
Jan 23—140-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,
Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;
Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;
The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;
The equality of the three co ordinate branches of the government;
The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;
The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;
Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,	$8 00
" " six months,	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,	4 00
" " six months,	2 00
" " three months,	1 00
Weekly " for one year,	2 00
" " six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people.—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Dec. 28th., 1868. Proprietor

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
ROBERTS' BUHR REGULATOR,
Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-198

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

FAMILY FLOUR!
A SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST IN AND FOR sale by
Jan 31-138-1w LYNN ADAMS.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,
NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,
PETERSBURG, Va.
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRY GOODS
IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety. Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merinos, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Velontines Delaines, Mousselines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluney Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guiper and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Buffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c. China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Gro. Grain and Rept Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Timese, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velontines, Persian Cloths, Mousselines, Challies, Alpacas and Mohair, all of the very best, Lowin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, Pe Kay Marsailles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and State Rose Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denmins Hickney, Huckery, Dongrey, Cattco in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth Lace Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilees, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Gloss Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marsailles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

FRESH SEEDS.
Have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of **Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds**, embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Broccoli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Squash
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Let-tuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nasturtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates For CASH.
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Jan 29-148-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHARLESTON HOTEL,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, while the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at any time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travellers can rely upon finding the Charleston Hotel equal to any in the United States. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.
J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
Jan 14-133-3m Proprietor.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR
OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND
RENOVATED.
HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Old Mattresses renovated and made over
Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.
W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

APPLE BUTTER!
500 LBS. CHOICE N. C. *APPLE BUTTER*, in Kits, received this day.
Jan 25-124-tf W. H. JONES, & CO.

GARDEN TOOLS!
At 44 Fayetteville Street.

Garden Rakes;	Potatoe Digs,
Garden Hoes,	Grubbing Hoes,
Garden Trowels;	Spades & Shovels,
Hedge Shears;	Stable Forks.

J. BROWN,
Jan 30-149-tf With HART & LEWIS.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.
KADER RIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER RIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.
SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.
Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.
Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.
Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENCIL NAME PLATES,
FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOKS, SHEET-MUSIC, &c.
Everybody should have one! No preparation is required on the cloth. It will not wash out. A prize for ladies! Send for circular and samples.
Plain styles 50cts., ornamental 75cts. Send on your orders.
Address, R. P. HARRIS, SENTINEL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

TO THE PUBLIC.
I AM PREPARED TO ACCOMMODATE FIFteen or twenty members of the Convention, also transient persons. My terms are moderate.
Jan. 13-132-tf. GEORGE T. COOKE.

A FARM—IN EXCHANGE FOR A CITY RESIDENCE.
Will be Exchanged for a Residence in Raleigh.
A GOOD FARM OF 600 ACRES,
IN Franklin County, 5 miles from the R. & G. R. R. Handsome, healthy location. Has an orchard of 4,000 choice Fruit Trees, and a fine variety of Grapes.
The dwelling large and convenient